according to WHS Regulations

Print date: 18.09.2023 Revision date: 18.09.2023

### 1 Identification

**Product Name: ZincBoost** 

Other Means of Identification: Mixture

Recommended Use of the Chemical and Restriction on Use: Agricultural fertiliser

**Details of Manufacturer or Importer:** 

Nutrien Ag Solutions Level 5, Building A 26 Talavera Road

Macquarie Park NSW 2113

Phone Number: (02) 9889 5400

Emergency telephone number: 1800 033 111

## 2 Hazard(s) Identification

#### **Hazardous Nature:**

Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) and Safe Work Australia criteria.

Classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (7th edition), IATA and IMDG/IMSBC.

Not subject to the ADG Code when transported in Australia by Road or Rail in packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg(L); or IBCs (refer to SP AU01). However if transported by Air or Sea, this provision does not apply.



Corrosion

Eye Damage 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.



Environment

Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



Skin Corrosion/Irritation 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

## Signal Word Danger

### **Hazard Statements**

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary Statements**

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear eye protection / face protection.
P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).

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P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P391 Collect spillage.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

## 3 Composition and Information on Ingredients

#### **Chemical Characterization: Mixtures**

Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

Hazardous Components:			
CAS: 7733-02-0		20-25%	
	Eye Damage 1, H318; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410; Acute Toxicity (Oral) 4, H302		
CAS: 3458-72-8	Triammonium citrate	15-20%	
	◆ Eye Irritation 2A, H319		
CAS: 60-00-4	Edetic acid	5-10%	
	◆ Eye Irritation 2A, H319		
CAS: 7664-41-7		0.1-1%	
	◇ Press. Gas C, H280;   Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) 3, H331;   Skin Corrosion/ Irritation 1B, H314;   Acute Toxicity (Oral) 4, H302; Flammable Gases 2, H221		

#### 4 First Aid Measures

#### Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek medical attention if breathing problems develop.

### **Skin Contact:**

In case of skin contact, immediately remove contaminated clothing and wash affected areas with water and soap. Seek medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

### **Eye Contact:**

All eye exposures require medical evaluation following decontamination. In case of eye contact, immediately rinse with water or saline for minimum of 30 minutes. Longer irrigation time is preferred if possible. Seek immediate medical attention.

### Ingestion:

If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Immediately rinse mouth with water. Give a glass of water to drink in small sips. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek medical attention.

## **Symptoms Caused by Exposure:**

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin Contact: Causes skin irritation.

Eye Contact: Causes serious eye damage. Corrosive to eyes.

Ingestion: May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, diarrhoea and vomiting.

## **5 Fire Fighting Measures**

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use fire extinguishing methods suitable to surrounding conditions.

#### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical:

Hazardous combustion products include oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, oxides of sulfur and metal oxides.

Product is not flammable.

Containers close to fire should be removed only if safe to do so. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers.

Prevent run-off from fire fighting entering drains or water courses.

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#### **Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire Fighters:**

When fighting a major fire wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective equipment.

### **6 Accidental Release Measures**

### Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:

Wear approved respiratory protection, chemical resistant gloves, protective clothing and safety boots. Evacuate all non-essential personnel from affected area. Do not breathe vapours. Ensure adequate ventilation.

### **Environmental Precautions:**

In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.

#### Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up:

Stop leak if safe to do so and absorb spill with sand, earth, vermiculite or some other absorbent material. Collect the spilled material and place into a suitable container for disposal.

## 7 Handling and Storage

### **Precautions for Safe Handling:**

Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation of vapours or mists. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Food, beverages and tobacco products should not be stored or consumed where this material is in use. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use. Provide eyewash fountains and safety showers in close proximity to points of potential exposure.

#### Conditions for Safe Storage:

Store in a cool, dry and well ventilated area, away from direct sunlight. Keep in original container, tightly closed when not in use. Protect from heat, sparks, open flames and other sources of ignition. Keep away from strong oxidising agents, strong acids, hypochlorites and halogenated compounds.

## **8 Exposure Controls and Personal Protection**

## **Exposure Standards:**

CAS: 7664-41-7 Ammonia

WES STEL: 24 mg/m³, 35 ppm TWA: 17 mg/m³, 25 ppm

#### **Engineering Controls:**

Ensure adequate ventilation of the working area, keeping airborne concentrations below occupational exposure standards.

#### **Respiratory Protection:**

Use an approved vapour respirator suitable for protection against ammonia under conditions where exposure to the substance is apparent (e.g. generation of high concentrations of mist or vapour, inadequate ventilation, development of respiratory tract irritation) and engineering controls are not feasible. See Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715 and 1716 for more information.

#### **Skin Protection:**

Chemical-resistant gloves. See Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161 for more information. When selecting gloves for use against certain chemicals, the degradation resistance, permeation rate and permeation breakthrough time should be considered.

Occupational protective clothing (depending on conditions in which it has to be used, in particular as regards the period for which it is worn, which shall be determined on the basis of the seriousness of the risk, the frequency of exposure to the risk, the characteristics of the workstation of each worker and the performance of the protective clothing). See Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4501 for more information.

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#### **Eye and Face Protection:**

Safety glasses with top and side shields or goggles. See Australian/New Zealand Standards AS/NZS 1336 and 1337 for more information.

## 9 Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:

Form: Liquid

Colour: Colourless to light yellow

Odour: Ammonia-like

Odour Threshold: No information available

**pH-Value:** 9.5 - 10.2

Melting point/freezing point:
Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range:
Flash Point:

No information available
No information available
Does not flash up to boiling

Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable

Auto-ignition Temperature: No information available Decomposition Temperature: No information available

**Explosion Limits:** 

Lower:No information availableUpper:No information availableVapour Pressure:No information available

**Density:** 1.36 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Vapour Density:No information availableEvaporation Rate:No information available

Solubility in Water: Miscible

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): No information available

## 10 Stability and Reactivity

#### Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:

If mixed with chlorine or hypochlorites, it may form nitrogen tricholoride which may explode spontaneously in air.

Chemical Stability: Stable at ambient temperature and under normal conditions of storage and use.

Conditions to Avoid: Heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces and direct sunlight.

**Incompatible Materials:** Strong oxidising agents, strong acids, hypochlorites and halogenated compounds.

#### **Hazardous Decomposition Products:**

Oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, oxides of sulfur and metal oxides.

## 11 Toxicological Information

### **Toxicity:**

LD50/LC5	LD50/LC50 Values:			
CAS: 773	CAS: 7733-02-0 Zinc sulfate			
Oral	LD50	574 mg/kg (Rattus norvegicus (rat))		
Dermal	LD50	>2,000 mg/kg (Rattus norvegicus (rat))		
CAS: 7664-41-7 Ammonia				
Oral	LD50	350 mg/kg (Rattus norvegicus (rat))		
Inhalation	LC50/4 h	2,000 mg/l (Rattus norvegicus (rat))		

#### **Acute Health Effects**

**Inhalation:** May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin: Causes skin irritation.

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Eye: Causes serious eye damage. Corrosive to eyes.

Ingestion: May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, diarrhoea and vomiting.

Skin Corrosion / Irritation: Causes skin irritation.

Serious Eye Damage / Irritation: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitisation: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive Toxicity: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

## Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - Single Exposure:

Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

## Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - Repeated Exposure:

Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration Hazard: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic Health Effects: No information available

Existing Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: No information available

## 12 Ecological Information

#### **Ecotoxicity:**

#### Aquatic toxicity:

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

•		
CAS: 7733-02-0 Zinc sulfate		
EC50/48 h (static)	1.4 mg/l (Daphnia magna (water flea)) (OECD Test Guideline 202)	
EC50/72 h	64.8 mg/l (Chlorophyta (green algae))	
EC50/3 h (static)	5.2 mg/l (Activated sludge) (OECD Test Guideline 209)	
LC50/96 h (static)	0.33 mg/l (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow))	
CAS: 7664-41-7 A	mmonia	
EC50/48 h	1.16 mg/l (Daphnia magna (water flea))	
LC50/96 h	0.068 mg/l (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow))	
LC50/48 h (static)	101 mg/l (Daphnia magna (water flea))	

Persistence and Degradability: No data available on finished product.

Bioaccumulative Potential: No data available on finished product.

Mobility in Soil: No data available on finished product.

Other adverse effects: No further relevant information available.

## 13 Disposal Considerations

## **Disposal Methods and Containers:**

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. Dispose according to applicable local and state government regulations.

## **Special Precautions for Landfill or Incineration:**

Please consult your state Land Waste Management Authority for more information.

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## 14 Transport Information

**UN Number** 

ADG, IMDG, IATA UN3082

**Proper Shipping Name** 

ADG, IMDG, IATA ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Zinc

sulfate

**Dangerous Goods Class** 

ADG Class: 9

**Packing Group:** 

ADG, IMDG, IATA III

Marine pollutant: Yes

EMS Number: F-A,S-F

Hazchem Code: •3Z

Transport/Additional information: Not subject to the ADG Code when transported by road or rail in

packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg(L) or

IBCs. (refer to SP AU01)

Excepted quantities (EQ): E1
Limited Quantities: 5L

### 15 Regulatory Information

## **Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals:**

All ingredients are listed.

## Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Poison Schedule:

Poisons Schedule: 6

### 16 Other Information

Date of Preparation or Last Revision: 18.09.2023

Prepared by: MSDS.COM.AU Pty Ltd www.msds.com.au

#### Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADG: Australian Dangerous Goods

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit TWA: Time Weighted Average

NES: National Exposure Standard (Safe Work Australia - Workplace Exposure Standards For Airborne Contaminants)

Flammable Gases 2: Flammable gases – Category 2 Press. Gas C: Gases under pressure – Compressed gas Acute Toxicity (Oral) 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4

Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) 3: Acute toxicity - Category 3

Skin Corrosion/Irritation 1B: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1B Skin Corrosion/Irritation 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2 Eye Damage 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1 Eye Irritation 2A: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2A

Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (Acute). Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic). Category 1

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# Safety Data Sheet according to WHS Regulations

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#### Disclaimer

This SDS is prepared in accord with the Safe Work Australia document "Code of Practice for the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - July 2020".

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